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### [70]

XII. A Thermometrical Account of the Weather, for Three Years, beginning September 1754. as observed in Maryland. By Mr. Richard Brooke. Communicated by Mr. H. Baker, F. R. S.

The highest and lowest State of the Mercury in each Month is here given, and other Observations are occasionally intermixed.

[Read March 8, 1759 ]			
	Mercury.		
	Tigheft	oweft.	1754. Winds for the most part easterly, and
Sept.	<b>8</b> 0	7 <b>3</b>	Winds for the most part easterly, and
O&.	80	34	very rainy. Winds easterly, and much rain in the beginning: latter end fair.
Nov.	67	23	Winds variable. Snow and rain.
Dec.	60	23	Much rain.
			1755.
Jan.	69	23	,
Feb.	64	14	Much rain. Snow on the 1st day. Much snow.
Feb. Mar.	64 79	I 4 24	Much rain. Snow on the 1st day. Much snow. Much rain.
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## [ 7x ]

May 87 47  Extremely dry: feldom any clouds: no rain. Every vegetable almost burnt up: strawberry-leaves, green plantain, and others, so crisp as to crumble. In this month many black cattle died for want of food.  Seasonable weather.  Very dry.  Very dry.  Sept. 93 45  Oct. 75 36  Nov. 65 29  On Tuesday the 18th I felt three shocks of an earthquake about eight minutes before four in the morning. The first was severest: it shook the house very much, and waked me. The second was less, and the third least of all. They succeeded each other at about one minute's distance, and were felt all over the continent.  On the 16th there was a brisk southerly wind; the mercury about noon at 71°. At four P.M. \( \frac{1}{2} \) at 69°: at five o'clock the wind came about to N.W. blew excessively hard, and did great damage				L / J
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### [ 72 ]

	Higheft	Loweff.	in the country. A prodigious quantity of rain fell: it cleared up at fix o' clock; but the wind continued blowing hard all night. At eight o'clock the \(\foatgar{V}\) was at 43°, at seven next morning at 26°, at nine at 24°\(\frac{1}{4}\), and the morning following, viz. the 18th, the mercury was at 15°.
an.	72	TS	1756.

Jan. 73 15 Feb. 70 27

Not observed, being hindered by business.

83 29 Seasonable weather.

y 81 48 Seasonable weather.

June 86 44 Plenty of rain: the season much colder than usual, & standing frequently between 60° and 70°. On the 22d in the morning a black cloud came from the northward, foon overspread the hemisphere, and threatned much wind and rain; but foon blew over without much wind or rain. The fun shone clear, and the weather calm, till towards noon, when clouds collected towards the north and north-west. About three P.M. there was the most threatning appearance I ever beheld: the clouds in some places of a deep green; in others, of a footy At 45 min. past three it began to rain and blow, attended with remarkable fevere thunder; but as the thunder

thunder stopped the clock, I cannot fay how long it lasted; but suppose near half an hour; in which time the most rain fell I ever saw. The wind did incredible damage in feveral parts of the country. In St. Mary's county, it is faid. 200 houses were blown down, and many people killed. In every county in Maryland much damage was done by this gust, which was the most general ever remembered. It was all over New York, the Jerseys, Penfylvania, Maryland, and Virginia, and did much damage every where. How much farther it extended, either northward or fouthward, I have not heard.

In these two last months an epidemical spotted fever was common in the country: I have not heard it was mortal any where. Those, who had it most severe, were relieved with what Mr. Collinson calls apocinon. There raged at the same time an epidemical disease amongst the dogs, which destroyed great numbers in all the northern plantations. It came from thence to the eastern shore in Maryland, where it killed most of the dogs. rages amongst our dogs, and scarce any recover. They are first seized with a short cough, and a stoppage in the nose, so that they are obliged to breathe thro' the mouth. In four, five.

	Mere	tury.	
; ;	Higheft	Loweft.	five, or fix days after, they have a large
	Hig	Low	discharge thro' the nostrils of a thick
			fetid matter, and a plentiful serous dis-
			charge from their eyes. Now their
-			stomach fails, or rather they are afraid
			to eat; for every attempt makes them
			cough violently, and feems to give
			them great pain. Some die within
			two days after this discharge; some
			live a week, or longer: these have
			had food forced into their stomachs:
			but none ever recover, that I have
			heard of.
July	93	69	Seasonable weather, and the most plen-
			tiful appearance of corn and tobacco I
			ever faw. The wheat was got in last month: it is supposed there will be
			month: it is supposed there will be
			the most of any year since the settle-
			ment of this country.
Aug.	93	68	Very dry. The disease amongst dogs
			continues, tho' less violent: many
			have their limbs seized with a paraly-
			fis: these all recover.
Sept.	92	60	The disease continues amongst the dogs.
			This month I saw a tame fox very ill
			with this disorder. I gave him a dose
			of a valuable powder, with which I
			have done much good; and for the
			knowlege of which I was obliged to
			my worthy friend Dr. Parsons, when
		İ	I was last in England. I have known
			this powder cure dogs; which made
	ŧ l		me give it to this fox: but he died in
	•		three

Mercury.

three minutes after: which I attribute to the punch in which I gave it. This is the hottest and driest summer ever known in Maryland. There are great crops of corn and tobacco made; but, through the extreme dryness of the weather, the latter crops of neither will come to perfection. Many springs are dried up, that were ever current before. Putrid bilious fevers are now very frequent in the country, and have raged for these six weeks past. likewise has an hepatic dysentery, which, I have been informed (for it has not come within my own practice), has oftentimes been so malignant, as not to yield to any medicines that could be thought of.

190 29 The weather seasonable. The dysenteries, that have been fo fatal in many parts of the province, have reached my neighbourhood. The bilious fever now is, and for some time past has been, very common in this coun-As the patients under my care had frequent large bilious stools (after the stimulus on the intestines was removed by opiates, and they voided no blood), imagining the fever and the flux owing to the same cause, only affecting different parts, I gave Dr. Parsons's powders, which I always used with success, and my patients got

got well. The method I found fuccessful, after trying many others, was to give opiates, at proper intervals, till the purging and bloody stools ceased: then four or five doses of Dr. Parsons's powders: afterwards a few doses of astringents, which never failed of cur-The opiate I used was pil. matthæi; which I supposed best in this putrid bilious complaint, because of the foap in its composition. It is remarkable, that the frequent repetition of the strongest astringents never decreased the quantity or number of the stools, till Dr. Parsons's powders were given. These valuable powders, which that ingenious and benevolent gentleman communicated to me, when I was at London, have been of incredible fervice in the plantations. perfuaded he will readily inform any practitioner what they are; and that nothing is wanting to bring them into general use, in all bilious and putrid fevers, but a thorough knowledge of their extraordinary efficacy.

Nov. 73 27 The hepatic flux spreads very much in my neighbourhood. On the 22d I was called to a family, where the mistress and maid were both down with this disorder, and appeared to have it very much alike. They were much griped, and purged more than

20 times in 24 hours: fometimes blood in a large proportion was mixed with their stools; but the most troublesome symptom was a violent tenes-The mistress took two doses of Dr. Parsons's powder, and the maid as many of Dr. James's. At night the mistress took an anodyne draught, and the maid gr. 8 pilulæ matthæi. next day they took some astringent powders, at night their anodyne, and the day following both were well. The small-pox and swine-pox are now about the country. Dec. 63 13 People in general very healthy. The fmall-pox fpreads but flowly, and is very favourable. 1757. Jan. 65 10 Many sudden alterations, as to heat and cold, have been in this month: but the most remarkable I have ever obferved, was the last day of this month, when the \( \psi \) was up at 65°, and the next day, Feb. 1. when it was down at 28°, about the same hour in the day.

The people of Maryland were afflicted last year with scarce any complaints which were not attended more or less with bilious symptoms; and as the year advanced, the weather being unusually hot, such symptoms grew

more

more violent, and the bile more putrescent. A bare state of the many odd cases that came under my care would fill feveral sheets of paper; but as my own was very particular, I shall only mention that. I was taken on the 24th Dec. last with a slight fever and fore throat, which continued three days: then the fever and fore throat left me; but for three nights afterwards I felt more uneafiness than I ever before was fenfible of, tho' quite free from pain or fever. I waked, I fuppose, at least an hundred times each of these nights. If I tried to lie on either fide, I always turned infenfibly on my back. When afleep, my imagination was filled with the most frightful ideas that ever disturbed an human mind; but I could remember none of them when I awoke. I constantly lost my breath when asleep; and was waked by an hideous whooping noise, like that of a child in a chin-cough. I presently fell asleep again, and the same horrid scene was re-acted. The feventh night from my first attack was attended with a new train of fymptoms. About three o' clock in the morning I was afflicted with a most excruciating pain about the fifth or fixth vertebra of the back, like the boring of an augre. forced to quit the bed, and, to my great

Higheff.

great furprize, was eafy almost as foon as I got on my cloaths: but it returned as foon as I attempted to lie down This lasted 27 days, ever free from pain while up, and always taken about seven hours after lying down, either by night or day. Neither the Indian bath, blifters, or any thing I could think of, did relieve me: but getting up always eased me. plainly a spasm of the muscle trapizeus; for if I rubbed my back ever fo flightly, the pain would instantly remove to the muscles of the sternum, et vice versa; yet I could never feel it in my fide. Whether it was leaving me or not, I cannot fay: but I feemed to find great relief by drinking punch, into which Goa stone had been plentifully grated. It is very strange, that during the whole time I had no fever, or lost my appetite, tho' I grew very weak.

Feb. 67

6

It rained almost every day this month: and at this time there prevailed a disorder among the Negroes, which, I believe, was peculiar to them; for I never heard of any white person's having it. They were taken with pains in their heads, necks, shoulders, breasts, or bellies: it seldom continued long in a place, till it got to the thigh, where the complaint would

form

# [ 80 ]

1	Mercu	ry.	
	heft.	eff.	form into a very hard and sensible tu-
	Higheft.	Loweff.	mour, generally in the triceps muscle.
	.	- 1	Emollient plaisters would commonly
			remove the tumour in two days time.
			The morbific matter would give ex-
		Į	quisite pain in its descent down the
			thigh, and would collect again into a
			tumour, either in the ham, or in the
	1	۱	calf of the leg. The same cataplasms
			continued would repel the tumour, and
		Ì	the patient would get well usually in about a fortnight. There was an high
		]	fever during the time. I never knew
		- 1	but one suppurate, tho' I have seen
		1	many in this complaint: this hap-
	1		pened to a Negro boy about 15 years
		- 1	old: here the matter descended to the
	1	j	foot, which was very troublesome to
		ı	heal.
Mar.	65	30	A vast deal of rain fell this month.
Apr.	67	35	The wettest and coldest April within
-	1		man's memory. Impetigenous dif-
			orders very common both in Mary-
	1 1		land and Virginia, and fome very ob-
			stinate.
May	88	48	Seasonable and healthy.
June	9c	72	An uncommon wet month. The hard
			rains beat off the flour, or farina
		* .	fecundans, of the wheat; so that very
			little of that grain was made this
<b>4.</b> 1		6.	year.
July	190	04	Much rain. It is very remarkable, that
	1	I	many people, this month and the last,
			in

Mercury. in different parts of the country, were troubled with imposthumations under the arm, all in the axilla dextra. They maturated, and healed up pretty easily. Whether this has any affinity to the disposition of the present and preceding year, I cannot fay: I before observed, that almost every patient, in whatever disorder, had more or less of bilious symptoms. I have seen more inflammations of the neck of the bladder this month than all my life before: They were cured by antiphlogistic medicines. Aug. 90 67 Much rain, and thick foggy weather. Sept. 88 47 Very wet. Within these two months Very wet. Within these two months I have feen five persons, and have heard of many more, who were taken with a violent pain in the os fronits, on the The pain foon fell into the left fide. Eye on the same side, and occasioned a dimness: but this and the pain were foon removed by an epispastic behind the ear, if applied early. I was called to a Negro wench, who had had the complaint so long, that she was totally blind of both eyes; which appeared, as in the gutta ferena, without any inflammation, or visible defect; but extremely painful. In her likewise the left eye was first affected, and much the most difficult of cure. Caustics behind the ears, and vitriolic Vol. LI. М

colly-

			L 3
		cury.	
	4	بن	collyriums, cured her: but three
	igh	Loweft.	caustics were put behind the left ear,
	I	17	before that eye was well.
0 er			
OF.	107	43	Very wet. Many horses died this month
		1	of a pestilential fever. They had the
		i.	fymptoms Markham describes in his
	1		chanter of Pestilential. Hen-dung
			chapter of Pestilential. Hen-dung infused in stale urine (which Mark-
			have many and a reas found forming
			ham recommends) was found fervice-
			able. Many people were ruined by the
			loss of all their horses: but none died
	li		that had plenty of the juice of rue.
			It is remarkable that no horses had
			this distemper, but those on the salts
	1 1		of the different rivers. Mr. Pollard
	ll	I	
		- 1	Edmunson, a gentleman on the east-
		· i	ern shore of Chessapeak, told me, he
			lost almost every horse by this disorder
	ŀ		at his home plantation (the water there
	! i	i	is falt), and not one in a forest pasture
	1 1		about a mile off.
Mon	ا ۽ ۽ ا	_	
Nov.	05	33	The disease among horses is over. On
		1	the 10th day of this month there was
		i	as severe a gust of thunder and light-
,		- 1	ning, as is common in July or August.
		İ	Several horses, cattle, &c. were killed
		ı	in different parts. There were the
			most luminous coruscations I ever
i	1	ì	
			faw; the whole hemisphere as it were
_			in a blaze.
Dec.	68/2	28	Very variable weather: many high winds,
	İ		and much rain.
			XIII. A